

**RARE ELEMENT RESOURCES LTD.**  
**MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007**  
**Containing information up to, and including October 24, 2007**

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is intended to help the reader understand the consolidated financial statements of Rare Element Resources Ltd. ("Rare Element" or the "Company"). The information provided herein should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and notes for the year ended June 30, 2007.

Management is responsible for the preparation and integrity of the consolidated financial statements, including the maintenance of appropriate information systems, procedures and internal controls. Management also ensures that information used internally or disclosed externally, including the consolidated financial statements and MD&A, is complete and reliable.

The Company's board of directors follows recommended corporate-governance guidelines for public companies to ensure transparency and accountability to shareholders. The board's audit committee meets with management regularly to review the consolidated financial statements, including the MD&A, and to discuss other financial, operating and internal-control matters.

The reader is encouraged to review the Company's statutory filings on [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

All currency amounts are expressed in US dollars unless otherwise noted.

**Overall Performance**

The Company's principal activity is the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties.

The Company was incorporated in the province of British Columbia on June 3, 1999 and acquired Paso Rico Resources Ltd. ("Paso Rico") in 2003. Paso Rico owns the Bear Lodge Property in Wyoming, USA, through its wholly owned subsidiary, Paso Rico (USA), Inc. On June 1, 2006, Paso Rico (USA), Inc. and Newmont North America Exploration Limited ("Newmont"), a subsidiary of Newmont Mining Corporation, signed an agreement to establish a gold exploration venture on the Bear Lodge Property.

Newmont has the right to earn a 65% working interest in Rare Element Resources' Bear Lodge property, excluding any rights to the rare-earth elements and uranium but including rights to gold and other metals, by performing \$5 million in mineral expenditures over a five-year period. Newmont also has the right to earn an additional 15% working interest by completing a positive feasibility study.

During the year ended June 30, 2007, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$897,917 (\$1,000,021 CDN). In October 2007, the Company arranged a non-brokered private placement of 1 million units for gross proceeds of \$1 million CDN. Proceeds from these offerings provide funding for exploration of the Company's Bear Lodge, Wyoming, rare-earth property and administration expenses.

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**Exploration expenditures on resource properties:**

	Balance June 30, 2005	Expenditures for the year	Balance June 30, 2006	Expenditures for the year	Balance June 30, 2007
<b>Bear Lodge Property</b>					
Property acquisition costs	\$ 17,721	\$ -	\$ 17,721	\$ -	\$ 17,721
Exploration expenditures					
Assays	3,528	4,109	7,637	114	7,751
Assessments and taxes	12,541	7,563	20,104	-	20,104
Drilling	132,013	118,396	250,409	73,513	323,922
Geological consulting	60,567	61,416	121,983	46,785	168,768
Geophysical	-	300	300	-	300
Metallurgical testing	-	-	-	38,530	38,530
Overhead expenses	7,684	805	8,489	1,190	9,679
Staking	816	17,133	17,949	-	17,949
Survey	34,338	-	34,338	-	34,338
Travel expenses	23,935	-	23,935	-	23,935
Wages	99,734	-	99,734	-	99,734
Total exploration expenditures on Bear Lodge property	392,877	209,722	602,599	160,132	762,731
<b>Kipawa Property</b>					
Exploration expenditures					
Geological consulting	-	4,949	4,949	-	4,949
Staking	-	1,308	1,308	-	1,308
Write-down of property	-	-	-	(4,841)	(4,841)
Total exploration expenditures on Kipawa property	-	6,257	6,257	(4,841)	1,416
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<b>\$ 392,877</b>	<b>\$ 215,979</b>	<b>\$ 608,856</b>	<b>\$ 155,291</b>	<b>\$ 764,147</b>

**Bear Lodge Property**

Paso Rico holds a 100% interest in a group of unpatented mineral claims, the Bear Lodge Project property. The property is situated in the Bear Lodge Mountains of northeast Wyoming. These claims were, in part, acquired from Phelps Dodge Exploration Company ("Phelps Dodge") by way of a "Mineral Lease and Option for Deed". Some of the claims and a portion of a defined area of influence surrounding the claims are subject to a production royalty of 2% of Net Smelter Returns ("NSR") payable to Phelps Dodge. Paso Rico owns a portion of the claim group outright and those claims are not subject to the NSR.

The Company staked 20 additional claims at the property in 2005. The property now comprises 90 federal unpatented mineral claims and a 640-acre Wyoming state lease for a total of approximately 2,100 acres. All claims are located on federal lands and are subject to annual maintenance fees payable to the United States Bureau of Land Management, which are now, and will continued to be, paid by Newmont for the term of Newmont Agreement (see below).

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*Rare-earth Exploration*

The Bear Lodge Project contains widespread indications of precious metals and “rare-earth elements” (“REE”). REE are used in hybrid-electric-vehicle (HEV) batteries and motor/generators, consumer nickel-metal-hydride (Ni-MH) batteries, fuel cells, magnetic refrigeration technologies, and numerous other modern specialty technologies.

The mineral claims that comprise the Bear Lodge Project have been extensively explored for the REE, as well as precious metals and base metals, by a number of major mining companies at various periods over the past 50 years. These various exploration campaigns have identified a number of rare-earth and precious metals indications that the Company believes warrant further exploration and evaluation.

The Company began exploration of the Bear Lodge Project properties in late 2004. Two drill holes targeted previously known rare-earth-bearing carbonatite dikes. These holes were successful in intersecting good grades of rare-earth mineralization and in confirming previous data. A third hole was unsuccessful in testing one interpretation of data that predicted a larger carbonatite intrusion. Data from this hole will, however, be helpful in further evaluating this and other targets in the area.

In October of 2005, the Company drilled two core holes, RES05-1 and RES05-2 totaling 2,174 feet, in the Bull Hill area. The holes were drilled to test the rare-earth-element (REE) content and continuity of a dike-swarm, which was identified by Hecla Mining Company (“Hecla”) during the period from 1987 through 1991. Drill-hole RES05-2 was collared at the site of Hecla drill-hole WP-6 and tested the down-dip extension of the dike-swarm. It intersected a series of REE-mineralized iron-manganese, silicocarbonatite, and carbonatite veins, dikes, and stockworks, which were contained within the heterolithic intrusive breccia body of the Bull Hill area. Drill-hole RES05-1 was designed to test the northwesterly strike extension of the REE-mineralized dike-swarm; however, it remained in intrusive breccia with only minor intersections of iron manganese, silicocarbonatite dikes and veins.

The compilation of data and the resulting quality of the targets, which were generated, confirm the exceptional rare-earth-element exploration potential of the Bear Lodge property. Based on this compilation of data, the Company announced a 2007 exploration program (see news release on May 2, 2006), which featured drilling and metallurgical work to confirm the historical tonnage estimate, which was the result of Hecla’s work on the Bull Hill dike-swarm. The goal of this work is to produce a current NI 43-101-compliant REE resource. Toward this goal, the Company has started preliminary metallurgical tests on the rare earths mineralized materials to determine how these materials could be concentrated and eventually produced in the most economical way. The 2007 drilling program began in June 2007. The Company completed the first drill hole (RES 07-1), which targeted the main zone of rare-earth mineralization at Bear Lodge. The drill core from RES 07-1 was quartered and with one half sent for testing programs at a metallurgical research facility in Tucson, Arizona. Sections of all mineralized core were sent for assay and a quarter of the entire core was retained for reference.

The Company is currently completing the rare-earth drill program with two additional holes (RES 07-2 & 07-3). Drill-holes RES 07-1 and 07-2 are designed to expand knowledge of the southwest Bull Hill dike swarm and to gather metallurgical test samples. Drill-hole RES 07-03 targets a high-grade rare-earth carbonatite on the northwestern margin of Bull Hill. This carbonatite was previously intersected by the Hecla Mining Company drill-hole WP-2, which intersected 186 feet (40.3 feet true thickness) of 9.56% total rare-earth oxides in oxidized carbonatite and 80 feet (45.9 feet true thickness) of 5.65% total rare-earth oxide in non-oxidized carbonatite.

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Further information can be found in past news releases posted on the Company's Sedar website ([www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com)).

In fiscal 2007, the Company incurred \$160,132 in exploration expenditures on its properties. As at June 30, 2007, the Company had incurred a total of \$762,731 (2006 - \$602,599) on exploration work at Bear Lodge.

*Newmont Gold "Sundance" Venture*

On June 1, 2006, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Paso Rico (USA), Inc. and Newmont signed an agreement to establish a gold exploration venture on the Company's Bear Lodge, Wyoming property ("Venture"). Under the term sheet, Newmont has the right to earn a 65% participating interest in the Bear Lodge property, excluding any rights to the REE and uranium, but including rights to gold and other metals if Newmont spends \$5 million in property exploration by 2011.

Newmont also has the right to earn an additional 15% participating interest by completing a positive feasibility study. If the Company's interest is reduced below 20% for any reason, the Company shall have a financing option by which it may elect for Newmont to carry the Company's share of Venture expenditures, without further dilution to the Company, until commencement of mining on the property. The funds advanced by Newmont under the financing option, plus interest at LIBOR plus 3%, shall be recouped from 90% of the Company's portion of the proceeds from production.

Newmont has staked an additional 116 Federal lode mineral claims and included them as part of the Venture's property. Newmont is the operator of the Venture's gold-exploration program, which is underway. The Company will continue to operate its rare-earth-element exploration program; however, if the two exploration programs conflict, the Venture, under Newmont, may operate both programs.

In October 2006, Newmont completed nine reverse-circulation drill holes (1,687 metres of reverse-circulation drilling) and two core holes (535 metres of core drilling). Six trenches have been constructed for a total length of 945 metres of trenching. The trenches were mapped, sampled and geophysically surveyed for radiometric and magnetic susceptibility. Cores and chip samples from the drilling program were split, sampled and assayed. The results demonstrate significant potential for the definition of surface gold deposits, as well as potential for deeper higher-grade gold occurrences. Further information about drilling results can be found in [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com), October 12, 2006 and January 18, 2007 news releases.

The 2007 program of the Sundance gold-exploration venture has reported significant gold-silver grades over substantial thicknesses. Hole SUN-021 was drilled to a depth of 285.1 metres with a grade of 0.40 g/t gold and 2.8 g/t silver. Included in this hole were 155.5 metres of 0.66 g/t gold and 3.5 g/t silver. Hole SUN-022 also returned excellent results, drilling to a depth of 91.5 metres with a grade of 0.36 g/t gold and 3.0 g/t silver, including a 45.7-metre interval with 0.66 g/t gold and 3.3 g/t silver.

As a result of the drill results for the eight holes in October 2007, the Sundance venture is resuming drilling to follow up on these promising results. The scope of the 2007 drill program was restricted to sites that had been previously permitted for exploration drilling, so only three holes were planned. Based on encouraging results, five additional holes were completed and now a further five are to be drilled, for a total of 13 holes in 2007. Further detailed information about drilling results can be found in [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com), October 2, 2007 news release.

Newmont incurred a total of \$715,401 in exploration expenditures on joint venture property before May 31, 2007, of which \$645,942 were incurred in the year 2006 and \$69,459 in January to May 2007.

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**Kipawa Property**

In April 2006, the Company acquired 26 claims by staking in Quebec, Canada, totaling approximately 1,531 hectares. The property is located about 90 km northwest of North Bay, Ontario. The Company wrote off \$4,841 in fiscal 2007 in light of the sale of the property subsequently for \$1,500 CDN (\$1,416) (see “Subsequent Events”).

**Selected Annual Information**

	<b>Year ended June 30, 2007</b>	<b>Year ended June 30, 2006</b>	<b>Year ended June 30, 2005</b>
	\$	\$	\$
Total revenues	35,083	Nil	Nil
General and administrative expenses	781,738	458,407	145,082
Write-off of resource-property costs	4,841	Nil	Nil
Loss for the year	(751,496)	(458,407)	(145,082)
Loss per share – basic and diluted	(0.04)	(0.03)	(0.01)
Total assets	1,969,319	1,094,740	521,392
Total long-term financial liabilities	Nil	Nil	Nil
Cash dividends declared – per share	Nil	Nil	Nil

**Results of Operations for the year ended June 30, 2007 compared to the year ended June 30, 2006.**

In the year ended June 30, 2007, the Company’s net loss totaled \$751,496 (loss per share of \$0.04) compared to a net loss of \$458,407 (loss per share of \$0.03) in 2006. The results of operations reflected the increase in administrative and financing activity level over fiscal 2007 compared to fiscal 2006.

The increase of \$323,331 in operating expenses in the year ended June 30, 2007 compared to last year was mostly due to the increase of \$187,166 in non-cash stock-based compensation expense with the new options being granted and the increased number of options being vested in fiscal 2007. The foreign exchange loss increased to \$43,589 in 2007 from \$11,134 in 2006 due to the weakening of the US dollar against the Canadian dollar from June 2006’s rate of 1.10 to June 2007’s rate of 1.06. Excluding the non-cash stock-based compensation and foreign exchange loss, administrative costs increased by \$103,710. This increase in operating expenses was a result of the increased general and administrative activities of the management. In 2007, the management took a more aggressive approach to investor awareness and set new development strategies for the Company through engaging the services of investor relation firm and participating in Canadian and European trade shows to give presentations to potential investors. Additional administrative expenditures were incurred on the closing of the September 2006 offering. The major increases were in investor relations expenditures of \$49,160, office and miscellaneous of \$24,179, transfer and listing fees of \$10,130, and management fees of \$12,315.

During fiscal 2007, the Company sold to Almaden Minerals Ltd. (“Almaden”) its 2% Net Smelter Return royalty (“NSR”) on a Mexican property which has been previously written off by the Company. The NSR was sold for \$20,000 and 25,000 Almaden warrants exercisable at a price of \$3.00 CDN until March 20, 2010. A fair value of \$15,083 was assigned to these warrants. The total gain of \$35,083 on sale of NSR was recognized by the Company as other income.

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**Summary of Quarterly Results**

Expressed In \$	June 07 Quarter	Mar 07 Quarter	Dec 06 Quarter	Sep 06 Quarter	June 06 Quarter	Mar 06 Quarter	Dec 05 Quarter	Sep 05 Quarter
Total Revenue	35,083	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Loss	(54,625)	(159,691)	(309,822)	(227,358)	(58,581)	(150,168)	(105,851)	(143,807)
Loss Per Share	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Total Assets	1,969,319	1,794,421	1,911,495	1,907,636	1,094,740	1,127,231	634,418	476,604
Total Long-term Liabilities	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Cash Dividends Declared	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

**Results of Operations for the fourth quarter ended June 30, 2007 compared to the fourth quarter ended June 30, 2006.**

The results of operations for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2007 totaled \$54,625 compared to \$58,581 in the same period of 2006. The loss per share for those periods was comparable and equal to \$0.00.

In the three months ended June 30, 2007, the Company recognized the gain of \$35,083 on the sale of NSR on the Mexican property previously written off by the Company. The NSR was sold for \$20,000 cash and 25,000 Almaden's warrants valued at \$15,083.

The operating expenses increased by \$31,127 from \$58,581 in the fourth quarter of 2006 to \$89,708 in the same period of 2007. This increase was mainly due to the non-cash increase of \$34,788 in stock-based compensation expense. The other administrative expenditures varied between two years but the overall effect of these variances is not material.

**Liquidity**

As at June 30, 2007, cash totaled \$1,085,337, an increase of \$657,070 from \$428,267 as at June 30, 2006. The Company's working capital as at June 30, 2007 was \$1,154,703 (2006 - \$443,003). The increase of working capital and cash was due to the funds received pursuant to the private placement (\$897,917), the exercise of warrants (\$337,550), and the exercise of options (\$158,634). See "Capital Resources" section. This increase in cash was offset by deferred exploration costs of \$159,750, the purchase of computer equipment of \$864, and the general and administration expenses \$576,417 (see "Results of Operations for the year ended June 30, 2007"). The Company has sufficient funds to complete programs planned for the upcoming calendar year.

In October 2007, the Company arranged a non-brokered private placement of 1 million units for gross proceeds of \$1 million CDN. The proceeds will be used for general corporate purposes and for the advancement of both the gold and rare earth element projects in Wyoming.

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**Capital Resources**

The authorized share capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

	No. of Common Shares Issued	Share Capital Amount
June 30, 2006	18,273,425	\$ 3,463,293
June 30, 2007	21,704,389	\$ 4,973,386
October 25, 2007	22,072,556	\$ 5,377,800

During the year ended June 30, 2007, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 1,666,698 units at \$0.60 CDN per unit for gross proceeds of \$897,917 (\$1,000,021 CDN). Each unit comprises one common share and one-half of a non-transferable share purchase warrant. A whole warrant may be exercised to purchase one additional common share of the Company, at \$0.75 CDN per share until March 22, 2008. During the fiscal 2007, 129,166 of these warrants were exercised. The funds have been spending on the Bear Lodge Rare Earths exploration and on general working capital.

As at June 30, 2007, the Company had 2,082,500 stock options outstanding with exercise prices ranging from \$0.25 CDN to \$0.55 CDN expiring from October 31, 2008 to January 10, 2012. Subsequently, another 725,000 stock options were granted at a price of \$1.00 CDN and 326,500 stock options were exercised at a price ranged from \$0.25 CDN to \$0.55 CDN. If all the remaining outstanding options were exercised, the Company's available cash would increase by \$1,476,800 CDN.

As at June 30, 2007, the Company had 704,183 warrants outstanding issued in connection with the September 2006 private placement at a price of \$0.75 CDN. Subsequently, 41,667 of these warrants were exercised. If the remaining outstanding warrants were exercised, the Company's available cash would increase by \$496,887 CDN.

On July 17, 2006, the remaining 350,400 shares held in escrow were released, resulting in no more escrowed shares as at June 30, 2007.

Contributed surplus was \$240,729 as at June 30, 2007 (2006 - \$116,579). The increase in contributed surplus represents the fair value of vested stock options granted to officers, directors, and consultants of the Company during the year ended June 30, 2007, less the fair value of the stock options exercised during the period.

The deficit was \$3,269,509 as at June 30, 2007 (2006 - \$2,518,013). The increase is the result of the loss of \$751,496 for the year ended June 30, 2007.

**Potential environmental contingency**

The Company's mining and exploration activities are subject to various federal, provincial and state laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and generally becoming more restrictive. The Company conducts its operations so as to protect public health and the environment and believes its operations are materially in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. The Company has made, and expects to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations. The ultimate amount of reclamation and other future site restoration costs to be incurred for existing mining interests is uncertain.

The Company maintains a website at [www.rareelementresources.com](http://www.rareelementresources.com).

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**Transactions with Related Parties**

During the year ended June 30, 2007, \$74,238 (2006 - \$61,923) was charged for management fees by a private company controlled by the president. As at June 30, 2007, \$Nil (2006 - \$Nil) was owed to this private company.

During the year ended June 30, 2007, \$95,186 (2005 - \$95,034) was charged by a private company controlled by one of the directors for accounting, administrative fees and rent. As at June 30, 2007, \$8,257 (2006 - \$9,556) was owed to this private company.

During the year ended June 30, 2007, \$Nil (2006 - \$1,724) was capitalized in deferred exploration costs for geological consulting work performed by a director. As at June 30, 2007, \$Nil (2006 - \$Nil) was owed to this director.

Related party transactions are measured at the fair value amount as determined by management. The amounts bear no interest and are unsecured with no repayment terms.

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**Subsequent Events**

On October 1, 2007, the Company appointed Dr. Donald E. Ranta as President and CEO of the Company effective October 1, 2007. Dr. Ranta will also join the Company's Board of Directors. In addition, the Company appointed Mr Jefferey Phillips as the Managing Member of a newly established Advisory Board of the Company. The Company granted a total of 725,000 options at a price of \$1.00 CDN to an officer and consultants.

On October 12, 2007, the Company signed a sale and purchase agreement to sell the Kipawa property for \$1,500 CDN in cash.

In October 2007, the Company arranged a non-brokered private placement of 1 million units for gross proceeds of \$1 million CDN. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one half of one non-transferable warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share for a period of 18 months at a price of \$1.35 CDN per common share.

Subsequent to June 30, 2007, 326,500 stock options were exercised at prices ranging from \$0.25 CDN to \$0.55 CDN and 41,667 warrants were exercised at \$0.75 CDN.

**Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that all relevant information is gathered and reported on a timely basis to senior management, so that appropriate decisions can be made regarding public disclosure. As at the end of the period covered by this management's discussion and analysis, management evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as required by Canadian securities laws.

Based on that evaluation, management has concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this management's discussion and analysis, the disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the Company's annual filings and interim

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filings (as such terms are defined under Multilateral Instrument 52-109 – Certification of Disclosure in Issuers’ Annual and Interim Filings) and other reports filed or submitted under Canadian securities laws is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by those laws, and that material information is accumulated and communicated to management as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

**Internal Controls and Procedures**

The Company evaluated the design of its internal controls and procedures over financial reporting as defined under Multilateral Instrument 52-109 for the year ended June 30, 2007. Based on this evaluation, management has concluded that the design of these internal controls and procedures over financial reporting was effective.

**Risks and Uncertainties**

The Company’s financial success will be dependent upon the extent to which it can discover mineralization or acquire mineral properties and the economic viability of exploring its properties.

The Company competes with many companies possessing greater financial resources and technical facilities than itself. The market price of minerals and/or metals is volatile and cannot be controlled. There is no assurance that the Company’s mineral-exploration activities will be successful. The development of mineral resources involves many risks that even a combination of experience, knowledge and careful evaluation may not be able to overcome.

The exploration of mineral resources on federal lands in the United States is subject to a comprehensive review, approval and permitting process that involved various federal, state and local agencies. There can be no assurance given that the required approvals and permits for a mining project, if technically and economically warranted, on the Company’s claims can be obtained in a timely or cost-effective manner.

All of the Company’s short- to medium-term operating and exploration cash flow must be derived from external financing. Actual funding may vary from what is planned due to a number of factors including the progress of exploration on its current properties. Should changes in equity-market conditions prevent the Company from obtaining additional external financing, the Company will need to review its exploration-property holdings to prioritize project expenditures based on funding availability.

The Company competes with larger and better-financed companies for exploration personnel, contractors and equipment. Increased exploration activity has increased demand for equipment and services. There can be no assurance that the Company can obtain required equipment and services in a timely or cost-effective manner.

The Company’s operations in the United States and financing activities in Canada make it subject to foreign-currency fluctuations and such fluctuations may materially affect its financial position and results.

**Outlook**

The Company commenced the 2006 rare-earth exploration program for the Bear Lodge Project in October of 2006 and outlined four targets for its coming 2007 exploration programs. Drilling will target suspected deep carbonatite bodies and will further define past drilling results. In addition, the Company continues to examine the high-tech commodities industry for opportunities to participate in the growing markets for REE and other strategic metals. The Company intends to acquire additional mineral properties or join in ventures that explore other properties or aspects of these metals’ markets. The Company believes that rare-earth-

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element deposits have potential economic importance as various modern-day technologies become more widely commercialized.

Other metals occur on the Company's Bear Lodge property. Previous gold exploration has identified numerous geochemical gold anomalies and occurrences in intrusive breccia bodies. The Company intends to take advantage of the exploration potential for gold and other metals through the option/joint venture Agreement presently in effect with Newmont. The Newmont gold-exploration venture provides the Company with further options to build a strong company and to advance its programs to evaluate both the gold and REE of the Bear Lodge property.

**Disclaimer**

The information provided in this document is not intended to be a comprehensive review of all matters concerning the Company. The users of this information, including but not limited to investors and prospective investors, should read it in conjunction with all other disclosure documents provided including but not limited to all documents file in SEDAR ([www.SEDAR.com](http://www.SEDAR.com)). No securities commission or regulatory authority has reviewed the accuracy or adequacy of the information presented herein.

**Forward Looking Statements**

Except for statements of historical fact, certain information contained herein constitutes forward-looking statements. Forward looking statements are usually identified by our use of certain terminology, including "will", "believes", "may", "expects", "should", "seeks", "anticipates" or "intends" or by discussions of strategy or intentions. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results or achievements to be materially different from any future results or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts, and include but are not limited to, estimates and their underlying assumptions; statements regarding plans, objectives and expectations with respect to the effectiveness of the Company's business model; future operations, products and services; the impact of regulatory initiatives on the Company's operations; the size of and opportunities related to the market for the Company's products; general industry and macroeconomic growth rates; expectations related to possible joint and/or strategic ventures and statements regarding future performance.

Forward-looking statements used in this discussion are subject to various risks and uncertainties, most of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond the control of the Company. If risks or uncertainties materialize, or if underlying assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results may vary materially from those expected, estimated or projected. Forward-looking statements in this document are not a prediction of future events or circumstances, and those future events or circumstances may not occur. Given these uncertainties, users of the information included herein, including investors and prospective investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements.